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HUMAN RIGHTS AND THE NATIONAL INTEREST

AN ADDRESS BY

THE DEPUTY SECRETARY OF STATE

WARREN CHRISTOPHER

BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY OF THE

AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION

HONOLULU, HAWAII

AUGUST 4, 1980

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AS WE LOOK BACK OVER THE PAST THREE AND A HALF EARS, WE CAN SEE THAT THE UNITED STATES IS IDENTIFIED IORE CLEARLY THAN EVER AS A BEACON OF SUPPORT FOR HUMAN-RIGHTS. WORLDWIDE PUBLICITY AND CONCERN FOR HUMAN RIGHTS HAVE INCREASED DRAMATICALLY.

AND WE CAN SEE ENCOURAGING PROGRESS IN MANY PARTS OF THE WORLD:

-- IN AFRICA: NIGERIA, UPPER VOLTA AND GHANA HAVE BECMOE DEMOCRACIES. NIGER AND TOGO ARE EXPANDING CIVILIAN PARTICIPATION IN GOVERNMENT. DICTATORS HAVE FALLEN IN UGANDA, THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC AND EQUATORIAL GUINEA.

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OUTGOING TELEGRAM

INFO AS-01 EXEP-01 AF:P-01 AF:I-01 [redacted] AFC-01 AFS-01 AFE-01 AFW-01 /009 A3

INFO OCT-00 AF-10 ARA-15 EA-12 EUR-12 NEA-07 ADS-00 IO-15 SIG-03 MMO-01 SSM-05 AIT-02 CIAE-00 COME-00 EB-08 INR-10 LAB-04 NSAE-00 STR-09 SIL-01 AID-07 SR-04 DODE-00 PM-07 H-02 L-03 NSC-05 PA-02 SP-02 SS-15 ICA-15 HEW-06 WCW-03 TRSE-00 CA-01 CSCE-04 RP-10 /205 R

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INFORM CONSULS; FROM THE ACTING SECRETARY FOR AMBASSADORS

E.O. 12065: N/A

TAGS: SHUM, XX

SUBJECT:ANNUAL COUNTRY REPORTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS PRACTICES: 1980

REF: 79 STATE 283431

1. SUMMARY: THIS YEAR'S HUMAN RIGHTS REPORTS WILL ADDRESS THE SAME COUNTRIES AS IN 1979, PLUS NEW MEMBERS OF THE U. N. THIS INSTRUCTION INCORPORATES PREVIOUS GUIDELINES AND IDENTIFIES NEW AREAS OF INQUIRY. WE NEED TO IMPROVE OUR SOCIO-ECONOMIC COVERGE, E.G., SHARPEN OUR FOCUS ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN, AND USE MORE STATISTICS OR FIRST-HAND OBSERVATIONS. NEW SUBJECTS FOR SYSTEMATIC TREATMENT ARE: DISAPPEARANCES, THE RIGHT OF VOLUNTARY REPATRIATION, REFUGEE AND ASYLUM POLICIES AND PRACTICES. FIRST DRAFTS SHOULD BE COMPLETED ON A SCHEDULE TO BE ESTABLISHED BY REGIONAL BUREAUS IN CONSULTATION WITH HA. SUPPLEMENTARY GUIDANCE BY SEPTELS. END SUMMARY.

2. AS WAS THE CASE IN EACH PREVIOUS YEAR, THE 1979 REPORTS, TAKEN AS A WHOLE, WERE MORE ACCURATE, CANDID AND OBJECTIVE THAN WERE THEIR PREDECESSORS. ONE MEASURE OF THE REPORT SERIES' INCREASING CREDIBILITY IS THE MORE FREQUENT POSITIVE FEEDBACK WE ARE RECEIVING FROM CONGRESS AND FROM

INTERESTED NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS.

3. THE OTHER SIDE OF THE COIN IS OUR ANNUAL EFFORT TO DO EVEN BETTER, AND THUS TO ENHANCE FURTHER THE INTEGRITY OF THE REPORTS PROCESS. THE REPORT FORMAT REMAINS MUCH THE SAME, WITH ONLY A FEW NEW AREAS AND EMPHASES. THE INSTRUCTIONS IN THIS TELEGRAM ARE INTENDED TO AID IN PREPARING THE 1980 REPORTS. THEY VARY IN DEGREE OF APPLICABILITY AND SIGNIFICANCE IN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES, BUT EXPERIENCE INDICATES THEY ARE VALID IN MOST USES. IN GENERAL YOUR REPORTS SHOULD BE RESPONSIVE TO THE QUESTIONS IN THE FOLLOWING OUTLINE. THE REPORTS SHOULD ADDRESS PRIMARILY GOVERNMENT POLICIES AND ACTIONS WHICH AFFECT THE HUMAN RIGHTS SITUATION IN EACH COUNTRY IN 1980.

4. PLEASE PROVIDE IN SECTIONS II AND III SUMMARIES OF THE HUMAN RIGHTS STATUS OF FEMALES IN THE SOCIETY. LAWS AND PRACTICES AFFECTING WOMEN'S PERSONAL STATUS, PROPERTY RIGHTS, EDUCATION LEVELS, EMPLOYMENT POSSIBILITIES, AND INCOME LEVELS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED AS WELL. THE GREATER THE VARIANCE OF STATUS BETWEEN FEMALES AND MALES, THE MORE DETAILED YOUR DISCUSSION SHOULD BE.

5. POSTS SHOULD ALSO ADDRESS SIGNIFICANT VIOLATIONS OF HUMAN RIGHTS PERPETRATED IN THE HOST COUNTRY BY AGENTS OF OTHER GOVERNMENTS, EXCLUDING BORDER SKIRMISHES AND IRREDENTIST TENSIONS. OUR FOCUS IS ON SUCH SERIOUS SITUATIONS AS THOSE IN AFGHANISTAN, KAMPUCHEA, SOUTH LEBANON, AND NAMIBIA.

6. INTRODUCTION: THE PURPOSE OF THE INTRODUCTION IS TO PROVIDE A SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF THE HUMAN RIGHTS SITUATION AND TRENDS IN THE COUNTRY IN 1980. NOTE ANY STATE-OF-EXCEPTION, MARTIAL LAW, OR EMERGENCY RULE WHICH MAY BE IN FORCE. ENOUGH MATERIAL ON HISTORY, POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATIONAL, CULTURAL AND RELIGIOUS AND LEGAL INSTITUTIONS, AND ECONOMIC RESOURCES SHOULD BE INCLUDED TO PROVIDE THE CONTEXT IN WHICH HUMAN RIGHTS PROBLEMS AND IMPROVEMENTS OCCUR.

7. SECTION I:
RESPECT FOR THE INTEGRITY OF THE PERSON,
INCLUDING FREEDOM FROM:

A. TORTURE
IF TORTURE IS PROHIBITED BY LAW OR CONSTITUTION, PLEASE CITE SPECIFIC REFERENCES FOR THE 1980 REPORT. A SUMMARIZED UNGA DEFINITION OF TORTURE IS "...ANY ACT BY WHICH SEVERE PAIN OR SUFFERING, PHYSICAL OR MENTAL, IS

INTENTIONALLY INFLICTED BY OR AT THE INSTIGATION OF A PUBLIC OFFICIAL ON A PERSON TO OBTAIN INFORMATION OR A CONFESSION, TO PUNISH HIM FOR ACTUAL OR SUSPECTED COMMISSION OF AN ACT, OR TO INTIMIDATE HIM OR OTHERS...TORTURE CONSTITUTES AN AGGRAVATED AND DELIBERATE FORM OF CRUEL, INHUMAN OR DEGRADING TREATMENT OR PUNISHMENT." (UNGA RESOLUTION 3452, DECEMBER 9, 1975). PLEASE ADDRESS THE SOURCES WHO ALLEGE TORTURE AND THEIR CREDIBILITY, THE OCCURRENCE, FREQUENCY, AND METHODS OF TORTURE, SPECIFIC PLACES WHERE TORTURE OCCURS, WHEN PEOPLE ARE TORTURED IN THE ARREST/INTERROGATION/DETENTION CYCLE, THE LEVEL OF OFFICIAL AUTHORIZATION OR ACQUIESENCE, GOVERNMENTAL RESPONSE TO CHARGES OF TORTURE, AND ANY DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS TAKEN.

8. B. CRUEL, INHUMAN, OR DEGRADING TREATMENT OR PUNISHMENT
COMMENT ON THE EXISTENCE OF SUMMARY EXECUTIONS, ON TYPES AND SEVERITY OF PHYSICAL PUNISHMENTS ADMINISTERED AS SENTENCES FOR CRIMES, ON CONDITIONS IN PLACES OF DETENTION

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(AND WHETHER POOR CONDITIONS IN THEMSELVES MIGHT BE A FORM OF INTENTIONAL DEGRADING TREATMENT), AND OF DIFFERENT TREATMENT ACCORDING TO CLASSIFICATION OF PRISONERS: BY TYPE OF CONVICTION, BY SOCIAL CLASS, BY RACE, SEX, OR RELIGION.

9. C. DISAPPEARANCE.
ARE PEOPLE ABDUCTED, SECRETLY ARRESTED, OR HELD IN CLANDESTINE DETENTION BY OFFICIAL OR QUASI-OFFICIAL SECURITY FORCES, OR BY ELEMENTS WHOSE ACTIVITIES ARE CONDONED BY THE REGIME? ARE THEY SUBJECT TO PROLONGED OR PERMANENT "DISAPPEARANCE?" IS THERE EVIDENCE THAT DISAPPEARED PERSONS ARE IN FACT DEAD, AS A RESULT OF TORTURE, CRUELTY, NEGLIGENCE, OR SUMMARY EXECUTION? WHAT MEASURES TO ENFORCE OFFICIAL ACCOUNTABILITY EXIST, AND WHAT, IF ANY, DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN?

10. D. ARBITRARY ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT
ESTIMATE NUMBERS AND DESCRIBE KINDS OF PRISONERS AND DETAINEES HELD IN SUBSTANTIAL DISREGARD OF GENERALLY ACCEPTED PRINCIPLES, DISCUSS VARIANCES BETWEEN USG AND PRIVATE ORGANIZATION ESTIMATES, AND RELATE HOST GOVERNMENT'S RATIONALE FOR THEIR DETENTION. DOES HABEAS CORPUS OR ITS EQUIVALENT EXIST IN PRACTICE? DOES PREVENTIVE DETENTION EXIST AND IF SO, IS IT OPEN-ENDED OR FIXED-TERM? HOW LONG CAN A SUSPECT BE HELD WITHOUT CHARGE FOLLOWING ARREST?

11. E. DENIAL OF FAIR PUBLIC TRIAL
DISCUSS RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE DEFENDANT AND THE

COURT SYSTEM. DOES DEFENDANT HAVE RIGHT TO EFFECTIVE COUNSEL? WHEN IS DEFENDANT CHARGED AND ARE CHARGES FORMALLY AND CLEARLY STATED? IS JUDICIARY INDEPENDENT OF EXECUTIVE AND MILITARY? HOW DO POLITICAL OR SECURITY COURTS DIFFER FROM ORDINARY COURTS? WHEN CIVILIANS ARE TRIED BY MILITARY COURTS, WHAT STANDARDS GOVERN THE LATTER? TO WHOM MAY DEFENDANT APPEAL VERDICT OF CIVIL, SECURITY, AND MILITARY COURTS?

12. F. INVASION OF THE HOME
WHAT WARRANTS ARE REQUIRED FOR AN OFFICIAL TO ENTER A PRIVATE RESIDENCE, AND WHO ISSUES THEM? HAS FORCED ENTRY BEEN CREDIBLY ALLEGED? DOES THE GOVERNMENT PRACTICE OTHER VIOLATIONS OF THE HOME SUCH AS "BUGGING", DEMOLITION, OR SEALING DOORS AND WINDOWS?

13. SECTION II
GOVERNMENT POLICIES RELATING TO THE FULFILLMENT OF SUCH VITAL NEEDS AS FOOD, SHELTER, HEALTH CARE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EDUCATION

THE BASIC PURPOSE OF THIS SECTION IS TO DESCRIBE THE EFFECT OF GOVERNMENT ACTIONS OR INACTIONS DURING 1980 UPON THE ECONOMIC RIGHTS OF THE PEOPLE. THE ECONOMIC RIGHTS OUTLINED IN THE UNIVERSAL DECLARATION ON HUMAN RIGHTS (IN ARTICLES 17, 23, 25 AND 26 RESPECTIVELY) INCLUDE RIGHTS TO OWN PROPERTY, TO WORK WITH "JUST CONDITIONS AND REMUNERATION"; "TO A STANDARD OF LIVING" ADEQUATE FOR HEALTH AND WELL-BEING AND TO EDUCATION. THE DECLARATION STATES, "EVERYONE IS ENTITLED TO THESE RIGHTS WITHOUT DISTINCTION OF ANY KIND, SUCH AS RACE, COLOR, SEX, LANGUAGE, RELIGION, POLITICAL OR OTHER OPINION, NATIONAL OR SOCIAL ORIGIN, PROPERTY, BIRTH OR OTHER STATUS.

14. WHAT IS ESPECIALLY DESIRED IS POST'S CANDID ASSESSMENT OF GOVERNMENT'S COMMITMENT TO THESE BASIC ECONOMIC RIGHTS AND ITS PERFORMANCE IN EACH OF THE FOUR AREAS. IF LEGAL GUARANTEES EXIST, THEY SHOULD BE MENTIONED. IN ASSESSING HOST GOVERNMENT'S PERFORMANCE, POSTS WILL NEED TO RELATE PERFORMANCE TO THE LEVEL OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOTAL

RESOURCE AVAILABILITY.

15. WHILE WE ARE NOT REQUESTING POSTS TO MAKE AN EXHAUSTIVE ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTRY'S ECONOMY, REPORTS SHOULD INCLUDE A BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE ECONOMIC SITUATION TO PROVIDE A SETTING WITHIN WHICH TO EVALUATE GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE IN MEETING ECONOMIC RIGHTS OF ITS PEOPLE. WHEN POSSIBLE, STATISTICS (EITHER FROM EMBASSY ANALYSIS HOST GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS OR OTHER SOURCES) SHOULD BE INCLUDED

IN THIS BACKGROUND SECTION. MANY POSTS MAY WISH TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF DATA AVAILABLE IN THE AID COUNTRY DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY STATEMENT (CDSS) AND THE CONGRESSIONAL PRESENTATION. GENERAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS WHICH MIGHT PROVE RELEVANT INCLUDE:

-- GDP PER CAPITA;
-- POPULATION DISTRIBUTION AND GROWTH RATE;
-- LIFE EXPECTANCY AND INFANT MORTALITY RATE;
-- LITERACY RATE AND OTHER MEASURES OF EDUCATIONAL SERVICES;
-- NUMBER OF DOCTORS, HOSPITAL BEDS, TRAINED TECHNICIANS, AND NURSES PER CAPITA;
-- WAGE LEVELS AND ATTITUDES TOWARD THEM;
-- RATE OF INFLATION;
-- UNEMPLOYMENT AND UNDEREMPLOYMENT LEVELS;
-- RATE OF GROWTH.

SUCH INDICATORS CAN STRENGTHEN THE POST'S BRIEF NARRATIVE SECTION OF COUNTRY ECONOMIC SITUATION. THIS LIST IS PURELY ILLUSTRATIVE TO GUIDE EFFORTS TO PROVIDE A CONCISE SUMMARY OF ECONOMIC CONDITIONS.

16. HOWEVER, THE FOCUS OF SECTION II SHOULD BE ON THE HOST GOVERNMENT'S RECORD IN PROVIDING FOR THE FOUR ECONOMIC RIGHTS CITED ABOVE. THE DEPARTMENT WOULD ESPECIALLY WELCOME STATISTICS WHICH DIRECTLY MEASURE PROGRESS OR FAILURE IN ADDRESSING THE BASIC ECONOMIC RIGHTS. EXAMPLES OF STATISTICS WHICH MIGHT PROVE USEFUL IN THIS REGARD INCLUDE:

-- INCOME DISTRIBUTION PATTERNS AND TRENDS;
-- LAND DISTRIBUTION AND TRENDS;
-- RELATIVE SHARES OF GOVERNMENT BUDGET RESOURCES DEVOTED TO PROVIDING BASIC ECONOMIC NEEDS;
-- MEDIUM-TERM (3-5 YRS.) TRENDS IN BASIC ECONOMIC DATA NOTED IN SECTION ABOVE.

17. -- IN CASES WHERE SIGNIFICANT PROPORTIONS OF SOCIETY CANNOT OBTAIN VITAL NEEDS -- NUTRITION, POTABLE WATER, BASIC EDUCATION, MEDICAL CARE -- WHAT ARE THE REASONS? WILLFUL GOVERNMENT POLICIES? INADEQUATE RESOURCES DUE TO LOW LEVEL OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT? CORRUPTION? NATURAL DISASTERS, CIVIL CONFLICT OR WAR?
-- IS PROPERTY PRIVATELY HELD AND TRANSACTED? IS PROPERTY OWNERSHIP CONSIDERED A RIGHT OF THE CITIZEN?
-- AT WHAT LEVEL DOES THE MAJORITY OF THE POPULATION LIVE: SURVIVAL? MARGINAL? MIDDLE-INCOME? TO WHAT EXTENT ARE ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES CONCENTRATED IN A FEW HANDS?

DETAIL SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES IN THE FULFILLMENT OF BASIC ECONOMIC RIGHTS BETWEEN THE CITY AND THE COUNTRYSIDE. DO SIGNIFICANT NUMBERS OF WORKERS EARN WAGES SUFFICIENT TO PROVIDE HUMAN NEEDS AND A MINIMAL STANDARD OF LIVING IN POST-WORKING YEARS? DO CONDITIONS IN THE WORK PLACE MEET BASIC SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS?
-- IS DISCRIMINATION AFFECTING THE ENJOYMENT OF BASIC ECONOMIC RIGHTS? IF SO, WHAT IS THE GOVERNMENT DOING TO FOSTER OR ELIMINATE DISCRIMINATION? ARE THERE RELEVANT LEGAL GUARANTEES OR POLICIES?

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18. SECTION III
RESPECT FOR CIVIL AND POLITICAL RIGHTS, INCLUDING:

A. FREEDOM OF SPEECH, PRESS, ASSEMBLY, AND RELIGION.
-- IN WHAT WAYS DOES THE GOVERNMENT AFFIRM OR DENY THESE FREEDOMS? WHAT FORMS DOES MEDIA CENSORSHIP TAKE, AND WHAT SUBJECTS ARE ITS MAIN TARGETS? IS THERE CENSORSHIP OF DOMESTIC OR FOREIGN BOOKS AND ARTISTIC WORKS? ARE OPPOSITION VIEWPOINTS VENTILATED IN THE MEDIA? WHAT LEVELS OF CRITICISM OF THE GOVERNMENT ARE TOLERATED? HAVE JOURNALISTS BEEN INTIMIDATED OR MEDIA CLOSED DOWN? HAS THERE BEEN INTERFERENCE WITH ACADEMIC INQUIRY IN THE NATURAL OR SOCIAL SCIENCES?
-- WHAT LIMITS EXIST ON PUBLIC MEETINGS? WHICH GROUPS ARE DENIED OR RESTRICTED THE RIGHT OF FREE ASSEMBLY? DO UNIONS HAVE EFFECTIVE RIGHTS TO ORGANIZE, NEGOTIATE, AND STRIKE? HAVE PROFESSIONAL GROUPS, -- INCLUDING SCIENTIFIC BODIES, LAWYERS ASSOCIATIONS, AND LABOR UNIONS -- EXPERIENCED PERSECUTION AND/OR HARASSMENT?
-- IS THERE A STATE (OR OTHERWISE FAVORED) RELIGION? IS THE PRACTICE OF RELIGION PERMITTED? ARE THOSE AFFILIATED WITH MINORITY RELIGIONS DISCRIMINATED AGAINST, HARASSED, OR PERSECUTED? DOES ADHERENCE TO A PARTICULAR FAITH CONFER EITHER ADVANTAGE OR DISADVANTAGE IN CIVIL, ECONOMIC, POLITICAL, MILITARY, OR OTHER SECULAR STATUS?

19. B. FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT WITHIN THE COUNTRY, FOREIGN TRAVEL, EMIGRATION, AND REPATRIATION.
THE RIGHT OF VOLUNTARY REPATRIATION (THE RIGHT OF RETURN TO ONE'S OWN COUNTRY) IS GUARANTEED UNDER ARTICLE 13 OF THE UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS, AND SHOULD BE ADDRESSED IN THIS SECTION OF THE REPORT. ALSO ADDED TO THIS SECTION WILL BE A TREATMENT OF THE HOST COUNTRY'S REFUGEE AND ASYLUM POLICY AND PRACTICES. PLEASE PROVIDE NUMERICAL ANALYSES BY NATIONALITY OF REFUGEE GROUPS RESETTLED OR GRANTED SAFEHAVEN IN YOUR HOST COUNTRY, ASSESSMENT OF THE GENERAL TREATMENT REFUGEES RECEIVE,

OUTFLOW AND STATISTICS IF REFUGEES ARE FLEEING YOUR HOST COUNTRY, AND ANY EVIDENCE OF FORCIBLE REPATRIATION.
-- IS DOMESTIC MOVEMENT OR FOREIGN TRAVEL IMPEDED? FOR WHAT STATED REASONS? WHAT ARE OFFICIAL ATTITUDES AND PRACTICES CONCERNING INTENDING EMIGRANTS? INTENDING REPATRIATES? DETAIL SIGNIFICANT RESTRICTIONS IN EITHER THE EMIGRATION OR THE REPATRIATION PROCESS, AS WELL AS THE TREATMENT OF REPATRIATES.
-- ARE WOMEN OR OTHER GROUPS SUBJECTED TO DIFFERENT RULES IN MATTERS OF INTERNAL OR FOREIGN TRAVEL, EMIGRATION, OR REPATRIATION?

20. C. FREEDOM TO PARTICIPATE IN THE POLITICAL PROCESS
HOW DOES THE CITIZEN PARTICIPATE IN HIS OR HER GOVERNMENT? WHAT IS THE SPAN OF POPULAR PARTICIPATION? DO OPPOSITION GROUPS EXIST OPENLY? ARE THEY ENCOURAGED, TOLERATED, DISCOURAGED, OR REPRESSED? WHICH GROUPS ARE DENIED POLITICAL PARTICIPATION OR SUFFRAGE? WHY?
-- DO PROBLEMS OF NATIONALITY, CITIZENSHIP, OR STATELESSNESS EXIST?

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21. SECTION IV
GOVERNMENT ATTITUDE AND RECORD REGARDING INTERNATIONAL AND NON-GOVERNMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF ALLEGED VIOLATIONS OF HUMAN RIGHTS

-- WHAT ARE THE GOVERNMENT'S RECORD AND ATTITUDE REGARDING SUCH INVESTIGATIONS?
-- WHAT ORGANIZATIONS BASED WITHIN THE COUNTRY OBSERVE,

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REPORT, AND CONTEST HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS? BY WHAT METHODS? AND, WITH WHAT CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING COSTS TO THEMSELVES?
-- WHAT IS THE NATURE OF THE COUNTRY'S PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL AND REGIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS BODIES?
-- HAVE THERE BEEN DISCUSSIONS OR COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT AND EXTERNAL NON-GOVERNMENTAL HUMAN RIGHTS GROUPS?
-- HAS THE GOVERNMENT PERMITTED VISITS BY SUCH GROUPS? IF SO, UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS AND WITH WHAT RESULTS?
-- TO WHICH INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS AND REFUGEE CONVENTIONS IS THE HOST GOVERNMENT A PARTY? CHRISTOPHER